

SITE 9CR202

Site 9CR202 represents a light density historic non-aboriginal ceramic scatter. The site measures 5 m in diameter and is located within a pine flatwoods environment in the northwestern portion of Area 1 approximately 150 m east of T-Model Road (see Figure 15). Past silviculture activities represent the most significant disturbances to this area. At the time of the investigation, ponded water was present in the site area, which had recently been logged, plowed, and replanted in pine (Figure 19). In addition to pine saplings, vegetation in the area also included tall grass and palmetto.

The site was identified through surface inspections as initial transect shovel tests placed in the area produced negative results. Delineation at Site 9CR202 included the excavation of seven additional shovel tests, all of which were culturally sterile (Figure 20). Subsurface examinations exposed poorly drained sandy soils with typical soil profiles consisting of 15 to 20 cm of dark gray (10YR 4/1) sand followed by 5 to 10 cm of gray (10YR 6/1) sand over a very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) sandy spodic layer. The water table was typically encountered around 30 cmbs and coincided with the appearance of the spodic layer.

Visual inspections led to the discovery of all artifacts recovered from this site. This material consists of seven fragments of Albany slipped stoneware, possibly from the same vessel (Figure 21). The presence of this stoneware type suggests the site dates to the late nineteenth or early twentieth century. A review of historic topographic maps and aerial imagery showed no historic structures or other features at this location.

Based on the data collected, Site 9CR202 appears to hold no research value beyond the findings of this investigation. The sparse artifact assemblage was found out of context on the surface and shovel testing in the area failed to locate further material. Additionally, this area has been significantly disturbed by repeated episodes of pine cultivation. As such, the site is recommended ineligible for NRHP inclusion.



Figure 19. View of Site 9CR202 looking west.