

Example: A manhole with a cover tilted open 2 inches with an estimated velocity of 4 ft/sec at its worst rate of loss for two hours and about 1-inch tilt with a velocity of 2 ft/sec observed at two other occasions over a 7 hour total event.

Worst case: 2 hours, 2 inches tilt, 4 ft/sec

Other times: 1 inch tilt, 2 ft/sec, time unknown

Total overflow time: 7 hours

Divide total of 7 hours into several periods

1<sup>st</sup> hour: Start to 1-inch tilt, 2 ft/sec

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Volume (Gal.)} &= (\text{Area}) (\text{Velocity}) (\text{Time}) (448) \times 50\% \\ &= (0.262) (2) (60) (448) (0.50) \\ &= \underline{7,043 \text{ gallons}}\end{aligned}$$

7<sup>th</sup> hour: 1-inch tilt, 2 ft/sec down to end

Same as above situation

$$\text{Volume} = \underline{7,043 \text{ gallons}}$$

5 remaining hours:

2 hours at 2-inch tilt, 4 ft/sec

3 hours at 1-inch tilt, 2 ft. sec

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Volume} &= (0.524) (4 \text{ ft/sec}) (120 \text{ min}) (448) \\ &= \underline{112,681 \text{ gallons}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Volume} &= (0.262) (2 \text{ ft/sec}) (180 \text{ min}) (448) \\ &= \underline{42,255 \text{ gallons}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Event Total} = 7,043 + 7,043 + 112,681 + 42,255 = \underline{169,022 \text{ gallons}}$$