## 4.5 Nonconventional Pollutants

Pollutants of Concern	Basis
Total Residual Chlorine (TRC)	A daily maximum TRC limit of 0.01 mg/L has been included in the draft permit. The proposed limit has been determined using the US EPA's chronic TRC criterion of 11 $\mu$ g/L in the receiving stream after dilution. Refer to Section 4.7.7 below for calculations.
	Facility is equipped with a UV disinfection system; therefore, monitoring requirements and effluent limitations only apply when chlorine is in use at the facility.
Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	A new daily minimum DO limit of 5.0 mg/L has been included in the draft permit. According to the steady-state dissolved oxygen Georgia DOSAG model, a minimum effluent DO of 5.0 mg/L is protective of the instream Water Quality Standard for dissolved oxygen described in Section 3.1 above.
	A review of Discharge Monitoring Report data indicates that the plant is able to consistently meet the proposed limit; therefore, a compliance schedule for DO has not been included in the draft permit.
Ammonia (NH3)	The monthly average ammonia limit was decreased from 10 mg/L to 1.0 mg/L in the draft permit. According to the steady-state dissolved oxygen Georgia DOSAG model, the proposed limit, when combined with the BOD <sub>5</sub> and dissolved oxygen limit (Refer to Section 4.4 above), is also protective of the instream Water Quality Standard for dissolved oxygen described in Section 3.1 above.
	The proposed limit is also in accordance with EPD's NPDES Permitting Strategy for Addressing Ammonia Toxicity, 2017.
	A compliance schedule to meet the more stringent limit has been included in the draft permit.