Ammonia Toxicity Analysis for Waste Load Allocation Development (Updated 2013)

Date: 3/14/2022	
Facility: Hahira WPCP	
NPDES Permit Number: GA0037974	
Receiving Stream: Unnamed Trib to Frank Creek, Suwannee River Basi	n
Engineer: Lucy Sun	
Comments: Reissuance	
November - A	pril
Stream and Facility Data:	
Background Stream pH (standard units): 6.7	RV_09_16324
Effluent pH (standard units): 8.5	
Final Stream pH (standard units): 7.92	
Stream Temperature (Celsius): 18	
30Q3 Streamflow (cfs): 0.02	
Stream background concentration (Total NH3-N, mg/L): 0.03	
Facility Discharge (MGD/cfs): 0.275	0.43
Total Combined Flow (cfs): 0.45	
Effluent concentration (Total NH3-N, mg/L) = 1.0	Current limits 10 mg/L
lf 1.0	is greater than 17.4 mg/L, use 17.4 mg/L in WLA modeling.

Chronic Criterion based on Villosa iris (Rainbow mussel):

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Instream CCC} = \mbox{criterion}: \\ \mbox{CCC} = 0.8876 \ x \ (0.0278 \ / \ (1 \ + \ 10^{(7.688 \ - \ pH)}) \ + \ 1.1994 \ / \ (1 \ + \ 10^{(pH \ - \ 7.688)})) \ x \ (2.126 \ x \ 10^{0.028 \ x \ (20 \ - MAX(T,7))}) \\ \end{array}$

Allowable instream concentration CCC (Total NH3-N, mg/l) = 0.99

Based on National Criterion For Ammonia In Fresh Water As Revised In Year 2013

Source: Aquatic Life Ambient Water Quality Criteria for Ammonia - Freshwater 2013, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Water, Office of Science and Technology, EPA-822-R-13-001. April 2013. Washington, D.C.

Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division, Atlanta, Georgia